Comments and recommendations from referee

General comments

The manuscript “Carbonate system buffering and the water masses of the Southwest Atlantic sector of the Southern Ocean during February-March 2008” by González-Davila et al. presents an interesting and important study of the carbonate system and the sensibility of the buffer capacity due to changes in the addition of carbon dioxide (CO2), as an effect of increased CO2 in the atmosphere, in the climatically sensitive Southern Ocean (SO). The manuscript describes the hydrography in the Atlantic sector of the SO and the influence on the carbonate system parameters. However, in its present form the manuscript is hard to follow and need to be rearranged. Perhaps the manuscript was written in a rush, and is also in the need of a language check (e.g. tempus). Important information on the methods of some of the parameters is not described sufficiently or is missing. Results and discussion section is unclear and results are not explained enough. Additional figures on data should be added. Part of the conclusion is redundant and some information is already presented in the abstract. The objective mentioned in the conclusion is highly speculative and is not possible to resolve in this work. In my point of view, the manuscript is recommended for publication after moderate to major revision.

Specific comments

Title: in the title, “buffering” is suggested to be eliminated; “Carbonate system and the influence of water masses of the Southwest Atlantic sector of the Southern Ocean during February to March 2008”

In the entire manuscript, sometimes pH$_{25}$ is presented, sometimes pH in situ, sometimes both. A consequent use of the two parameters would be preferable, for example present both and with one in parenthesis. The same non-consequence is used in the figures, where it would be better to present both pH in situ and pH$_{25}$. There is no explanation to why you use pH$_{25}$ or pH in situ at different sites.

Use carbonate system consequently throughout the manuscript instead of carbon system that is sometimes used, which is confusing. In other case, explain the definitions.

The structure of the manuscript is unclear and difficult to follow and to get the important information. I recommend to add a new section to the introduction such as “Study area – hydrography” as background to the study, where the description of the water masses, surface and deep, fronts and eddies are presented with position, salinity and SST, instead of in the result section. In results and discussion section, the carbonate system parameters can be related to the specific areas and water mass characteristics already described in the study area. That would make the results of the carbonate system more clear and easier to follow.
For the calculations in the manuscript, add a new section in data and method section: here, add the calculations of the calcite and aragonite saturation, CO2sys calculations (omega, pH in situ, fCO2), normalization of AT and CT.
In this section, also add calculations of buffer coefficients: add formulations and explanations.

Abstract
Page 436, line 15 to 18: “...UCDW was recently mixed with ventilated waters...”, which means that also anthropogenic CO2 should be higher, than in older, deeper water. Why is this ventilated water “...high carbonate concentration” water?
Page 436, line 20, 21: According to figure 4, the value should be 900m or 1000m instead of 600m, so that “...deepen from 600m to 1500m” should be changed to “...deepened horizon from 1000m to 1500m”. It is difficult to see in the figure what value. The same question for south of 57.5°S, where it looks like it is 900m or 1000m instead of 700m in figure 4.

Introduction
Page 438, line 15: change “ocean” to “ Southern Ocean”. This manuscript does only show the sensitivity in one part of the ocean. As you mentioned on page 450, line 28 and 29; “...results presented in this work provide a basis for comparing.....to other oceans”.

Data and methods
Page 438, line 22: dissolved oxygen is mentioned here but not shown elsewhere in the manuscript. Delete “dissolved oxygen” or add the oxygen measurements in results and discussion as figure and interpretation in discussions, and add method description. For nutrients, method description is missing and figure on data should be added since nutrients are discussed in the manuscript, to explain deep water and primary production etc. Add chlorophyll-a to the measurements here, and describe the methods for the measurements in data and method section.
Page 439: Both nutrients and chlorophyll-a are referred to in the manuscript but the method descriptions are missing. Data on nutrient would be useful to present in the results to explain some of the results, especially when you refer to “high nutrients” or “low nutrients”. I assume that nutrient concentrations of phosphate and silicate were used for the CO2sys calculations.

Page 439, pH measurements: What was the precision and accuracy of the measurements? What cell length was used? For 1-cm cell, correction for the effect of indicator pH needs to be done.
Page 440, lines 11 to 13: Move to description of the total alkalinity on page 439.
Page 440: add new section “Calculations”, with sub sections, where calculations for calcite and aragonite saturation state, CO2sys calculations, pH in situ, fCO2, calcium concentration, normalization of AT and CT, and buffer activity are formulated described.

Page 440, CO2sys calculations: clarify what constants were used for the calculations of omega and fCO2, and if nutrients were used or not (and what nutrient concentrations).
Page 440, How was calcium concentration estimated from salinity? Explain how and give method or reference. How was normalization of AT and CT done?

Results and discussion
In general, more explanations to the results presented in the manuscript are needed. For example use data in property-property plots, such as T-S plots, AT:CT plots, and add new section plots on nutrients and pH in situ.
The sensibility of carbonate system to increasing CO2 is difficult to follow and needs more explanations.
Add the reference and information from Bakker et al., (2008), Biogeosciences, 5. There are some overlaps in the ACC area, which could be interesting to compare the results in this manuscript with.

Page 441, surface distribution: move lines 13 to 22 to new section describing the hydrography, SST and salinity. As mentioned above, extraction of the water mass description parts from the results would make the results and discussion of the carbonate system parameters more clear.
Page 442 to 448, information and references about the hydrography, SST and salinity are recommended to move to new hydrography section.
Page 442, line 5: add that “CT was normalized to salinity 35 (?) to remove the effect of salinity on CT”. What salinity was CT and AT normalized?
Page 443, line 18: “…strong mixing occurs, affected the surface inorganic carbon distribution”. How? Explain.
Page 444, line 18: atmospheric value; add number.
Page 444, lines 22 to 24: add numbers of the “very low values in Chl-a, minima in fCO2 and maxima in pH in situ”. Explain why the values were lowest and highest, respectively at the position of the rings and of either side of the frontal zone.

Southern Ocean surface waters are usually rich in nutrients but low in chlorophyll-a, and are often referred to as “high-nutrient-low-chlorophyll, HNLC”, waters. It would be preferable to use this notification in the manuscript to explain why the primary production is not able to take up macronutrients in certain areas. In Southern Ocean, there are several explanations to why;
e.g. iron limitation, unstable surface water stratification (mixing). Eddies and rings may provide either of these environment factors to promote primary production. There are references from studies in HNLC waters, such as in the North Pacific Ocean; Deep-Sea Research, 52 (2005) on Haida eddies.

Page 445, line 3,4: explain why primary production was favored in the rings compared to outside. Could it be an effect of iron availability within the rings, transported with the rings from land? There are references from studies in HNLC waters, such as in the North Pacific Ocean; Deep-Sea Research, 52 (2005) on Haida eddies.

Page 445, line 10: “large differences”: how large?
Page 445, lines 12, 13: “variations are mainly due to input of CaCO3”: how do you know? Do you have evidence of CaCO3 input? Could you show this from your data? Could it be due to other processes? Maybe the Lee et al. (2006) formulation is not suitable for eddies?

Page 446, lines 9, 10: “...low pHT25, 7.56....high salinity and pHT25 = 7.61”, relative to what? Is pHT25 = 7.61 high?

Page 447, line 18: “as a signature of age”, what more specifically?

Page 447, NADW: there is no description on the carbonate system in NADW. You should add something about CT, AT and/or pH.

Page 448, line 7: “..becoming older”, than what?

Page 448, lines 20, 21: in figure 4, the depth of 600m at 49.57°S is difficult to see as well as the depth of 700m at 50.37°S. It rather looks like 900m.

Page 448: mention why Ω = 1 is a critical point.

Page 448, line 19: what is “eddy M effect”? Define, explain.

Page 448, line 24: Do you mean upwelling due to winter cooling and strong persistent winds?

Page 448, lines 27, 28: show from your own data of AT and CT and explain more.


Page 449 to 452: This section is difficult to understand and needs elaboration. Explain why you perform such exercise. What is the significance of β and Ω, what is critical and why? In the text you sometimes you write “7 buffer coefficients”, sometimes “eight buffer indices”. Be consequent.

Page 449, lines 17 to 19: What are acid constants? Explain what you mean with “presence of borate”. You write that “…B(OH)₄⁻ are present at very low concentrations..”. Do you have data? How do you explain that, reference?

Page 450, lines 6 to 8: explain why the biological production is not able to use up the macronutrients. Is that because of “HNLC” waters, iron limitation or what (see above)?
Page 451 to 452, conclusion: I think this part is unnecessary. Most information is already in the abstract. The objective described on the first lines is not possible to resolve in this paper and should be removed.

Figures and caption list
Fig. 1 enlarge the fonts and abbreviations in the figure.
Fig. 2 add units for SST and Chlorophyll-a in figure caption. Fig 2A: change APF to PF.
Fig. 2 markers should be in different shapes, as complement to the different colors.
Fig. 3 figure caption: pH has no unit, delete µmol kg\(^{-1}\) in caption and figure c). Dots cannot be seen in the figures. In a) add unit for T (°C).
Fig. 4 and 5: add a), b), c)...to figures and figure captions.
Add new figure on pH (in situ) and nutrients.

Technical corrections
Page 436, line 4: change February – March to February to March.
Page 436, line: ...was at minimum.
Page 436, line 23: add “that” between “showed” and “the minimum”.
Page 437, line 3: Add “carbon dioxide (CO2)”, in case anybody does not know.
Page 438, line 1: add “rich in CO2” as “… deep waters, rich in CO2, is the most…”
Page 438, line 5: “carbon dioxide system parameters“ is the same as carbonate system parameters. Add comment on that or use the same name.
Page 438, line 14: change “carbon system” to “carbonate system”, or define carbon system.
Page 440, line 15: add “\((\Omega)\)” after saturation state.
Page 440, line 16: add “[Ca\(^{2+}\)]” and “[CO\(_3\)^{2-}\]” after calcium and carbonate ion, respectively.
Page 443, line 8: add “of CO2” as “reduction of CO2 due to biological activity”.
Page 444, line 13: add “fugacity of CO2 (fCO2)”.
Page 444, lines 18, 19: change CO2 to fCO2.
Page 444, line 27: change “rich CO2” to “CO2 rich water”
Page 445, line 1: change “CO2” to fCO2”.
Page 446, line 6: change “APF” to “PF”.
Page 447, line 16: what is “deep salinity maximum”? Do you mean “the salinity maximum of the deep water”?
Page 448: where “carbonate” concentration is written, use “carbonate ion” concentration or abbreviation [CO\(_3\)^{2-}\].
Page 450, line 14: add “assuming” after “…55°S,“.
Page 451, line 4: delete “oxygen” or add more information.